

UNSD-DFID project on SDG monitoring: an overview

Dhaka, April 2019

United Nations Statistics Division



Data for the 2030 Agenda

Follow-up and Review

17 goals, 169 targets, 232 indicators

Tracking progress on SDGs requires an unprecedented amount of data and statistics

Full implementation

High-quality, open, timely and disaggregated data are vital for the implementation of the agenda





UN Statistics Division work on SDGs

Follow-up and Review

IAEG-SDGs

Open Data

Data platforms

SDMX

Full implementation

IAEG-SDGs/data disaggregation

HLG-PCCB

Implementation of CTGAP

UN WDF

Integration of data sources/data interoperability





SDG reporting

- National and subnational reporting are the most significant levels of the SDG review process
- The global SDG monitoring system also builds on national data reporting
 - Data derived from **national sources** is the foundation for SDG reviews at all levels
 - It is crucial to create opportunities for countries to directly contribute to global reporting



Project goals



Effective monitoring of the SDGs and improved evidence-based policy making

- Improved capacity of project countries to support SDG monitoring
- Increased availability of SDG Indicators at National and International levels
- Improved coordination of National Statistical Systems around SDG indicators



Project countries



Bangladesh Burundi

Cambodia

Ethiopia

Ghana

Jordan

Kyrgyzstan

Lao PDR

Liberia

Mozambique

Myanmar

Nepal

Palestine

Rwanda

Tajikistan

Tanzania

Uganda

Viet Nam

Zambia

Zimbabwe

Project website



For more info: https://unstats.un.org/capacity-building/UNSD-DFID/

What does the project cover?

Activities and tools to help in making national and global SDG indicators available to users

- SDG capacity gap assessments -> SDG monitoring strategies
- SDG user engagement strategies
- National dissemination platforms
- SDG metadata compilation
- Data and metadata exchange
- Coordination of NSS data sharing arrangements
- Open data and data interoperability
- Making use of administrative and emerging data sources

National SDG platforms

- Each country identifies a suitable statistical dissemination platform
 - Front end: The platform where users access
 SDG information
 - Back end: The database that contains and manages all the data and the data exchange in the background
 - Not necessarily limited to SDGs only
- UNSD and partners provide training and support





Coordination of National Statistical System

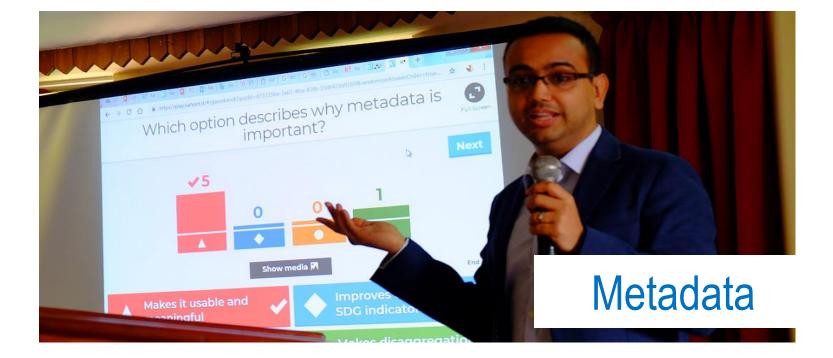
One of the key activities is to work with countries to:

- Improve the coordination within the national statistical system
- Key to improving the quality and timeliness of SDG indicators
- Focus is on **data sharing mechanisms** between members of the National Statistical System

Data and metadata exchange



- SDMX-based data and metadata exchange will be established with all project countries
 - Training in SDMX is being provided
- National and global SDG indicators are presented in the Global SDGs Data Platform
- Guidance on national data exchange.



- Data have minimal value without metadata
- Metadata are key to establishing methodology and assessing quality as well as explaining differences between the global and national datasets
- Publication of metadata will be facilitated

Users' engagement

- Users and producers need to work
 together for NSS to function properly
- Identifying users and addressing their needs are key prerequisites for for the NSO and NSS to provide relevant data and communicate data effectively
- User engagement strategies are expected to be developed by all project countries when they are not already in place.



Other activities

- Other activities for improving access to or dissemination of SDG data and metadata are linked to the project thanks to additional contributions and collaboration with partners
 - Data disaggregation
 - Use of administrative data
 - Use of new data sources
 - Open data and data interoperability
 - Integration with geospatial information

Good practices and experience sharing



- All countries have good practices or experiences that are useful for others
- The project support experience exchange through:
 - Sharing experiences at project website
 - Organizing international workshops
 - Share country examples at workshops
 - Study visits
 - Online exchange forums
- Cambodia: dot.Stat and protocols for data sharing
- Ethiopia: Quality Assessment of administrative registers
- Ghana: Dissemination platform and national metadata trainings
- Rwanda: Dissemination strategy
- Uganda: Gender disaggregation process
- Bangladesh: Dissemination platform



Questions or inquiries?
Contact us at unsd-dfid@un.org